

# Montana Reappraisal Plan

Property Assessment Division  
Effective January 1, 2021



## INTRODUCTION

[Article VIII](#), Part VIII, Sections 3 and 4 of the Montana Constitution states all property in the state must be equalized for property tax purposes. The Department of Revenue accomplishes this task by completing uniform valuation of similar properties throughout the state.

The department is statutorily required to determine:

- 100 percent of market value for all taxable residential, commercial, and industrial land, and improvements every two years;
- 100 percent of productivity value for all taxable agricultural land every two years; and
- 100 percent of productivity value for all taxable forest land every six years.

Market value is the value at which property would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts. [15-8-111\(2\)\(a\), MCA.](#)

Productivity value is the value of agricultural or forest land based on the productive capacity per acre. [ARM 42.20.681](#)

## VALUATION DATES

Section [15-7-111, MCA](#), provides for valuation of all taxable property as of a given date. All class three and class four property is revalued every two years and all class ten property is revalued every six years. The specific valuation dates for the different classes of property are:

- Class three and four property - For the valuation cycle, January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2022, all residential, commercial, industrial, and agricultural property must be valued as of January 1, 2020.
- Class ten property - For the valuation cycle, January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2026, all forest land must be valued as of January 1, 2020.

The department conducts a mass appraisal every valuation cycle in accordance with Montana law and the appropriate Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) for mass appraisal promulgated by the Appraisal Foundation's Appraisal Standards Board. ([15-7-101](#), [15-7-103](#), [15-7-111](#), and [15-8-111\(3\)](#), MCA)

Mass appraisal is the process of valuing a group of properties as of a given date and using common data, standardized methods, and statistical testing. [Standard on Mass Appraisal of Real Property, International Association of Assessing Officers \(IAAO\). 2017](#)

## RESOURCES

The department's Property Assessment Division is comprised of a central office located in Helena, four regional areas, and 26 field offices. The central office is responsible for the general management of the division and provides administrative and technical support to the field offices. Within the central office, the computer assisted mass appraisal (CAMA) unit is responsible for the primary management and support of the mass appraisal and related data systems. The program support unit is responsible for oversight of personal property auditing and valuation, personal property and real property exemptions, property tax relief programs, livestock reporting for per capita fees, and development of internal and external forms and manuals.

The field offices provide customer service and assistance to the public and local governments, conduct property field reviews, collect and analyze property data, conduct quality assurance and update property ownership records.

The department's Business Tax and Valuation unit is responsible for the valuation of industrial land and improvements, and the allocation of certain public utility properties.

All property data is maintained in the CAMA system. Property ownership and property characteristics data is available to the public through its web application, [property.mt.gov](http://property.mt.gov). In addition, property data from the CAMA system is electronically sent to the State Library's [Montana Cadastral](#) web application.

Property data may be accessed by property owner's name, address, geocode or assessment code. Both web applications are updated nightly.